### Minor NSR Source Thresholds

(in Attainment Areas)

Pollutant	Threshold (tons per year)
Carbon monoxide (CO)	10
Nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>X</sub> )	10
Sulfur dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	10
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	5
Particulate Matter (PM)	10
PM ≤10 microns (PM <sub>10</sub> )	5
$PM \le 2.5 \text{ microns } (PM_{2.5})$	3
Lead	0.1
Fluorides	1
Sulfuric acid mist	2
Hydrogen sulfide (H <sub>2</sub> S)	2
Total reduced sulfur (including H₂S)	2
Reduced sulfur compounds (including H <sub>2</sub> S)	2
Municipal waste combustor emissions	2
Municipal solid waste landfill emissions (as non-methane organic compounds)	10

### Disclaimer

This fact sheet reflects the EPA's best effort to ensure that the information contained herein is accurate; however, the Agency makes no claims, promises or guarantees about the accuracy, completeness or adequacy of this fact sheet and expressly disclaims liability for errors and omissions in the contents.

### Helpful Websites

#### **US EPA Website**

www.epa.gov

### **NSR Website**

www.epa.gov/nsr

### **Minor NSR Info and Registration Forms**

www.epa.gov/air/tribal/tribalnsr www.epa.gov/air/tribal/pdfs/ existing\_source\_registration\_rev.pdf

### **Region 4 Tribal Portal**

www.epa.gov/region4/indian/ www.epa.gov/region4/indian/laws

# Office of Air and Radiation Tribal Air Website

www.epa.gov/oar/tribal

### **Code of Federal Regulations**

www.ecfr.gov

### **Contact Information**

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# Minor New Source Review (NSR) Rule for Indian Country



An EPA Region 4 Fact Sheet for Small Businesses in Indian Country



## The Tribal NSR Rule's Effect on Small Businesses in Indian Country

On June 10, 2011, EPA issued the tribal New Source Review (NSR) rule under the Clean Air Act, which established a permitting program for minor stationary sources throughout Indian country and major stationary sources located in nonattainment areas in Indian country. The rule fills a regulatory gap that existed previously by adding rules related to these sources to EPA's existing NSR program.

### WHAT IS NSR?

NSR is often referred to as the "preconstruction air permitting program." The NSR program requires facilities to install pollution control equipment as they are built or when making a change that increases emissions significantly. This is accomplished when owners or operators obtain permits limiting air emissions before they begin construction. Its purpose is to ensure that air quality does not worsen where the air is currently unhealthy to breathe (i.e., nonattainment areas), and is not degraded where the air is currently clean (i.e., attainment areas).

NSR permits are enforceable legal documents with which a facility must comply. Permits may place restrictions on what construction is allowed, what air emission limits must be met, and how the source can be operated. To assure that sources comply with a permit's emission limits, a permit almost always contains monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements.

If a tribe chooses not to seek delegation of the program, EPA will implement the program and issue permits.



# WHAT SOURCES AND POLLUTANTS ARE REGULATED UNDER NSR?

**Major sources** are facilities that have the potential to emit pollutants in amounts equal to or greater than the corresponding major source threshold levels.

**Minor sources** are facilities that have the potential to emit pollutants in amounts less than the corresponding major source thresholds.

**Synthetic minor sources** are facilities that have the potential to emit pollutants at or above the major source threshold level, but voluntarily accept enforceable limits to keep their emissions below the major source thresholds and avoid the major NSR requirements.

The NSR program applies to regulated NSR pollutants, which include the National Ambient Air Quality Standards pollutants and a few others including sulfuric acid mist and hydrogen sulfide. Minor source NSR thresholds for these pollutants are listed in the table provided on the back flap of this brochure. Air quality standards are set at levels that protect human health and the environment.

Requirements are generally more stringent for major sources and for sources in nonattainment areas.

### HOW ARE SMALL BUSINESSES LO-CATED IN EPA REGION 4 AF-FECTED?

The tribal NSR program includes a minor NSR program for stationary sources in attainment and non-attainment areas that do not meet the criteria to be a major source. The new rule allows for economic growth while preserving or improving air quality in Indian country.

The **six federally recognized tribes** located within EPA Region 4's jurisdiction are in **attainment areas** and the businesses that may be subject to the program most likely fall under the **minor source** category.

### **Existing Minor Sources**

Existing businesses that have the potential to emit one or more regulated air pollutants must determine if the new rule applies to their facilities. The threshold levels to qualify as a minor or major source vary by pollutant and/or source category. A list of the threshold emissions to qualify as a minor source in an attainment area are listed in the table on the back flap of this brochure.

Businesses that are found to have the potential to emit one or more of the listed pollutants above the minor source threshold are required to register information with the EPA by March 1, 2013, or 90 days after beginning operations, whichever is later. This is a one-time registration.

If your business does not have the potential to emit threshold levels or more of the listed pollutants, the business is not subject to the program, and there is nothing you need to do at this time.

Potential minor stationary sources include hospitals, schools, hotels and casinos with small boilers or diesel engines, small landfills, gas stations and auto repair shops, dry cleaners, and oil and gas drilling operations.

### **New Minor Sources**

If you expand your business or start a new one in Indian country in the future, please check whether doing so would subject your business to the program. The tribal NSR program will put in place uniform requirements for obtaining a federally enforceable permit for small businesses locating in Indian country.